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OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY BOARD AGENDA

7.30 pm

Thursday 27 November 2014

Havering Town Hall, Main Road, Romford

Members 16: Quorum 5

COUNCILLORS:

Conservative (7)

John Crowder
Philippa Crowder
Jason Frost
Steven Kelly
Robby Misir
Dilip Patel
Carol Smith

Residents' (3)

June Alexander Nic Dodin Ray Morgon East Havering Residents' (2)

Gillian Ford (Chairman) Linda Hawthorn

UKIP (1)

(')

Lawrence Webb (Vice-Chair)

Vacancy

IRG (2)

David Durant Graham Williamson

For information about the meeting please contact:
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Protocol for members of the public wishing to report on meetings of the London Borough of Havering

Members of the public are entitled to report on meetings of Council, Committees and Cabinet, except in circumstances where the public have been excluded as permitted by law.

Reporting means:-

- filming, photographing or making an audio recording of the proceedings of the meeting;
- using any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear proceedings at a meeting as it takes place or later; or
- reporting or providing commentary on proceedings at a meeting, orally or in writing, so that the report or commentary is available as the meeting takes place or later if the person is not present.

Anyone present at a meeting as it takes place is not permitted to carry out an oral commentary or report. This is to prevent the business of the meeting being disrupted.

Anyone attending a meeting is asked to advise Democratic Services staff on 01708 433076 that they wish to report on the meeting and how they wish to do so. This is to enable employees to guide anyone choosing to report on proceedings to an appropriate place from which to be able to report effectively.

Members of the public are asked to remain seated throughout the meeting as standing up and walking around could distract from the business in hand.

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY BOARD

Under the Localism Act 2011 (s. 9F) each local authority is required by law to establish an overview and scrutiny function to support and scrutinise the Council's executive arrangements.

The Overview and Scrutiny Board acts as a vehicle by which the effectiveness of scrutiny is monitored and where work undertaken by themed sub-committees can be coordinated to avoid duplication and to ensure that areas of priority are being reviewed. The Board also scrutinises general management matters relating to the Council and further details are given in the terms of reference below. The Overview and Scrutiny Board has oversight of performance information submitted to the Council's executive and also leads on scrutiny of the Council budget and associated information. All requisitions or 'call-ins' of executive decisions are dealt with by the Board.

The Board is politically balanced and includes among its membership the Chairmen of the six themed Overview and Scrutiny Sub-Committees.

Terms of Reference:

The areas scrutinised by the Board are:

- Strategy and commissioning
- Partnerships with Business
- Customer access
- E-government and ICT
- Finance (although each committee is responsible for budget processes that affect its area of oversight)
- Human resources
- Asset Management
- · Property resources
- Facilities Management
- Communications
- Democratic Services
- Social inclusion
- Councillor Call for Action

AGENDA ITEMS

1 CHAIRMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chairman will announce details of the arrangements in case of fire or other events that might require the meeting room or building's evacuation.

2 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND ANNOUNCEMENT OF SUBSTITUTE MEMBERS

(if any) - receive.

3 DISCLOSURE OF PECUNIARY INTERESTS

Members are invited to disclose any pecuniary interest in any of the items on the agenda at this point of the meeting.

Members may still disclose any pecuniary interest in an item at any time prior to the consideration of the matter.

4 BOARD MEMBERSHIP

To note the membership of the Board.

5 MINUTES (Pages 1 - 18)

To approve as a correct record the minutes of the meeting of the Joint Overview & Scrutiny Committee meeting held on 8 September 2014 and of the Value Overview & Scrutiny Committee held on 18 September 2014 and to authorise the Chairman to sign them.

6 OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY BOARD - TERMS OF REFERENCE (Pages 19 - 26)

Report attached.

7 OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY BOARD - WORK PROGRAMME (Pages 27 - 30)

Report attached.

8 CORPORATE PERFORMANCE REPORT - QUARTER 1 2014/15 (Pages 31 - 56)

Report attached.

Overview & Scrutiny Board, 27 November 2014

9 URGENT BUSINESS

To consider any other item in respect of which the Chairman is of the opinion, by reason of special circumstances which will be specified in the minutes, that the item should be considered at the meeting as a matter of urgency

Andrew Beesley Committee Administration Manager

Public Document Pack Agenda Item 5

MINUTES OF A MEETING OF THE JOINT (ALL) OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE Council Chamber - Town Hall 8 September 2014 (7.30 - 11.10 pm)

Present:

COUNCILLORS

Conservative Group John Crowder, Robby Misir, Garry Pain, Carol Smith

and Frederick Thompson

Residents' Group June Alexander, Clarence Barrett, Nic Dodin,

Alex Donald, Gillian Ford, Jody Ganly, Linda Hawthorn, Ray Morgon, Barry Mugglestone, Stephanie Nunn, Linda Van den Hende, Julie Wilkes and Darren Wise

UKIP Group Philip Hyde, Phil Martin, Patricia Rumble and Lawrence

Webb

Independent Residents

Group

Michael Deon Burton and David Durant

All decisions were taken with no votes against.

The Chairman reminded Members of the action to be taken in an emergency.

1 MEMBERSHIP AND CHAIRMAN OF MEETING

With the agreement of all Overview and Scrutiny Committee Members present, the Chair was taken at this special meeting by Councillor Clarence Barrett.

2 CHAIRMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Chairman advised all present of action to be taken in the event of an emergency evacuation of the town hall becoming necessary.

3 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND ANNOUNCEMENT OF SUBSTITUTE MEMBERS

Apologies for absence were received from the following Members:

Children & Learning Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Jason Frost (substituted Councillor Robby Misir)

Councillor Philippa Crowder (substituted by Councillor Frederick Thompson)

Councillor Reg Whitney (substituted by Councillor Stephanie Nunn)

Councillor John Glanville (substituted by Councillor Phil Martin)

Crime & Disorder Committee:

Councillor John Wood (substituted by Councillor Linda Hawthorn)

Councillor Dilip Patel (substituted by Councillor Robby Misir)

Councillor John Glanville (substituted by Councillor Phil Martin)

Environment Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Keith Roberts (substituted by Councillor David Durant)

Health Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Dilip Patel (substituted by Councillor John Crowder)

Councillor Joshua Chapman (substitute by Councillor Robby Misir)

Councillor Jason Frost (substituted by Councillor Frederick Thompson)

Individuals Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Ray Best (substituted by Councillor Frederick Thompson)

Councillor Viddy Persaud (substituted by Councillor John Crowder)

Councillor Roger Westwood (substituted by Councillor Robby Misir)

Councillor Keith Roberts (substituted by Councillor David Durant)

Towns and Communities Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Jason Frost (substituted by Councillor John Crowder)

Councillor Steven Kelly (substituted by Councillor Carol Smith)

Value Overview and Scrutiny Committee:

Councillor Philippa Crowder (substituted by Councillor Frederick Thompson)

Councillor Steven Kelly (substituted by Councillor Carol Smith)

Councillor Barbara Matthews (substituted by Councillor Stephanie Nunn)

4 DISCLOSURE OF PECUINIARY INTERESTS

There were no disclosures of interest.

5 THE COUNCIL'S FINANCIAL STRATEGY

The Leader of the Council, Councillor Roger Ramsey explained that large cuts in Council expenditure were required by Central Government and grant levels, of which Havering already received one of the lowest amounts per head in London, would therefore be cut further. The Council had not taken lightly any proposed cuts to services but it was nonetheless necessary to balance the budget.

Comments made at the meeting would be considered by Cabinet on 24 September. A period of statutory consultation would commence for approximately three months from shortly after the 24 September Cabinet meeting. Some staff consultation would not commence until after proposals had been finalised.

Confirmation of the final settlement figure from Government for 2015/16 was expected in December 2014. The final budget and level of Council Tax would therefore be set by full Council at its meeting in February 2015.

Having scrutinised the budget proposals, the Overview and Scrutiny Committees noted:

- 1. The financial position of the Council.
- 2. That the report was formally consulting them on the proposed Corporate budget adjustments and that this was the opportunity to scrutinise the budget proposals.

Answers to questions raised by Members on specific items of the budget are shown in the appendix to the minutes.

Chairman

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APPENDIX: JOINT MEETING OF OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEES, 8 SEPTEMBER 2014, ANSWERS TO MEMBER QUESTIONS ON THE COUNCIL'S FINANCIAL STRATEGY

Questions were asked by Members on the areas shown below and answers were given by officers or Cabinet Members as follows:

- 1. Consultation on 2% Council Tax increase It was not feasible to consult on this as the final decision on the level of Council Tax would not be taken until February 2015. A referendum would be required if a higher increase was wanted and there would not be the time to organise this which would also be a costly exercise. A question relating to the Council Tax increase may be able to be included in the consultation.
- 2. Transformation Costs These costs were built in for the first two years only and there were no budgeted transformation costs by the end of year 4.
- 3. Pensions It was not the case that an additional £40m had been paid into the Council pension scheme although there had been a large increase. This had been stipulated by the Council's actuary in order to balance the pension fund, given that both assets and liabilities had increased substantially. A one-off contribution of £10m had been made last year in order to reduce annual extra contributions and to allow the pension fund to invest in local infrastructure. The Council had to keep to its legal requirements on this issue.
- 4. Funding for maintained schools It was the case that academies currently received slightly more funding than maintained schools but this gap had now almost closed. Schools were generally funded equally per pupil although there were different weightings given for each borough. Further information on the variation in schools funding between boroughs could be provided by officers.
- 5. Impact of change in national Government policy The proposed cuts were for a period of two years and it was possible that the position may change after this. The Shadow Minister for Local Government had however recently indicated in a letter to the Leader that there would not be any increase in funding for Local Authorities and that money may also be transferred to more 'needy' Councils.
- 6. Use of reserves Reserves had been used to for example fund the £10m contribution to the pension fund and would also be used to meet redundancy costs. Strategic reserves were earmarked for specific purposes and verified

by an auditor. The in-year contingency had been lowered from £2m to £1m and Members regularly took advice on how to best use the reserves. The current General Fund balance of £11m was not earmarked but it was felt that at least £10m of this would be needed to fund changes required under the Care Act. The Group Director was happy to discuss the use of reserves with Members further.

- 7. Proposed Development Company The Council was currently working with Capita to assess the viability of this proposal. The final cost would be known in approximately two months. The cash amounts held by the Council could be used for this sort of scheme. Risks would be factored in and a report on the Development Company would be brought to Cabinet.
- 8. Other savings from Economic Development The Council was supporting businesses to come into Romford. The proposed saving was a stretch target based on economic conditions and the amount of vacant office space. Members could be briefed separately on this.
- 9. Interest shortfall There was not an interest shortfall of £5m as this was mixing up General Fund borrowing with Housing borrowing. Housing borrowing had increased to £200m two years ago when the Government changed the housing finance system. The Housing Revenue Account was ringfenced and maintained separately from the General Fund Account.
- 10. Streetcare Non-contractable items related to recharges for support services. A full survey of lamp columns was needed to check they were suitable for LED lighting. A further risk was a change in energy prices although this could be mitigated. The current energy budget was £650k.
- 11. Communications The annual cost of producing Living Magazine is approximately £60k although not all of this could be delivered as a saving as the staff involved also work on other, separately funded publications which offset the budget. A likely general fund saving from not producing Living would be around £30k. A list of events run by the Council and their cost could be provided. There is no set twinning budget as twining activity is not consistent and costs are sometimes covered by the twinning partner. There has been no twinning expenditure for some time. Reputation management referred to dealing with the press, social media and managing emerging issues related to the Council. It was planned to reduce the budget for the Havering Show by £17k through attracting more sponsorship.
- 12. Customer Transformation and Channel Shift While more people were using on-line Council services, it was still proposed to retain a face to face channel.

- 13. Culture and Leisure The proposed Music School saving was considered robust given the successful new model operating in the Music School. MyPlace savings could be found via increasing income and efficiencies from integrating management between MyPlace and the neighbouring sports centre. The Stubbers Centre had been leased to a charity for a peppercorn rent. Both the lease and rent level expired in two years and this would need to be renegotiated and hence produce more income.
- 14. CCTV The two CCTV systems would be moved onto one site at Waterloo Gardens. There was however no reduction proposed in the CCTV hours of service. Officers would provide details of the numbers of prosecutions brought about the use of CCTV. Number plate recognition software was being introduced with the Police although the Police would not be making any financial contribution to this, they would be using personnel to work jointly with the CCTV to detect crimes associated with cars.
- Supporting People Review A number of options were being considered, and staff proposed to consult with tenants before deciding on the way forward. One option was proposed that support and housing management tasks could be combined in one role and that a dedicated scheme manager be provided for every two schemes. Some Members felt this was a high risk strategy. It would not be possible to run a pilot scheme as the saving needed to be made next year.
- 16. Private Sector Leasing There were around 1,000 properties managed in this sector. Complaints received were responded to in the same way as for a council tenant. The proposed £500k saving over four years was based on increasing the number of units let although the market was changing. The rent paid by landlords was based on levels at the lower end of the market as seen in areas such as Harold Hill and Rainham. Several Members felt that many landlords in Harold Hill were sub-dividing properties excessively. Officers accepted this but it was noted that, for some people, a single room in a shared house was their only affordable option. A vetting system for landlords was in place for larger HMOs. Some Members felt there was a danger of ghettoisation in Harold Hill with too many people being put in the area. Officers responded that they had to procure properties where they could afford to do so, and unfortunately they did not control the market.
- 17. Meals on Wheels The current provision of Meals on Wheels would be reviewed. A new staffing model would be considered in order to generate savings.
- 18. Care Act and Better Care Fund More successful reablement was now seen in people's homes than at Royal Jubilee Court although Royal Jubilee Court

continued to very effective as a step-down facility following hospital care. Community Treatment Teams had demonstrated an impact and this had led to the use of pooled funding opportunities from the Better Care Fund. The performance element of the Better Care Fund would be decided later that week at the Health and Wellbeing Board. This was a new and complex area and work was progressing with the Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) on e.g. undertaking joint assessments at Queen's Hospital. Commissioning work such as this would be taken through the Health and Wellbeing Board and Individuals Overview and Scrutiny Committee for monitoring. The proposed cap would apply to existing clients.

- 19. Social Care Agency Staff Officers were looking to retrain permanent staff to take on new roles and make processes more effective. Eight new children's social workers had started work that week. The allocation of admin work would be looked at as part of the review but it was also important that social workers took ownership of their assessments. Modelling of the impact of the Care Act was continuing but this had been factored into the proposals as far as possible. It was important to get the balance right in the use of agency staff.
- 20. Social Care Staffing It was not possible to guarantee that serious incidents seen in areas such as Rotherham would not occur. The implications of the Rotherham inquiry for Havering would be looked at shortly by the Crime & Disorder Committee. Services were however scrutinised by Members. Social worker pay was benchmarked and a recruitment & retention strategy was in place. Havering social workers were more interested in support, career progression and a manageable caseload than they were in money.
- 21. Younger Adults While current users would be affected, the assessment criteria for younger adults was not going to be altered. It was aimed to deliver services in the most appropriate way and appeal procedures would be in place.
- 22. OneSource It was planned to change the Council's job evaluation scheme and avoid any negative impact on lower paid staff. A new pay line for lower paid staff would be introduced if necessary. A new job evaluation scheme for the highest paid staff was also likely to be introduced. There were approximately 2,500 staff that may be affected but the proposed saving was only £500k from a £95, total wage bill. It was hoped to introduce a consistent set of practices and to agree these with the unions.
- 23. Council Tax Support The GLA precept made up 20% of Council Tax bills and it was also necessary to consult with the GLA on changes to the Havering scheme. The second person rebate normally applied to households that were

not eligible for other Council Tax support and the Council's preferred option proposed therefore to abolish this. It was emphasised that the proposal only applied to working age applicants, not retired people.

- 24. Parking The proposals had been amended but it was wished to allow a period of free parking for everybody. A breakdown of expenditure on parking could be supplied to Members. It was not possible to be certain of the impact of the proposed new tariffs. The additional schemes referred to related to the introduction of a broader parking strategy. Officers would look at the impact of a 40p rather than £1 charge after the free first 30 minutes in order to assess whether this would reduce parking in side streets. It was proposed to introduce charges for car parking in parks but a free period for the first 30 minutes was under consideration. The 10 minute grace period applied to any duration of parking ticket. It was noted that revenue gathering was not the purpose of parking enforcement. It was planned to introduce parking at football pitches and some Members felt this could result in people parking in nearby streets. Officers agreed to consider this.
- 25. Moving Traffic Offences Powers These had now been adopted by all but six London Boroughs. Once adopted, decisions would be made on how these powers would be applied. Details could be provided to Members on the advantages of using these powers. A report on adopting the powers would also be brought to full Council. Some Members felt that taking on these powers could make the Council unpopular with local residents.
- 26. Trading Standards Savings could be made via a restructure and no longer undertaking some of the non-statutory functions carried out by Trading Standards. While enforcement of underage alcohol sales would continue it was felt that e.g. the training of shop staff did not need to be carried out by Trading Standards officers. The banking protocol also no longer needed to be led by Trading Standards. Enforcement work would not be affected and there was not felt to be a risk to revenue generation from the proposals. Officers wished to move the service to a more intelligence-led way of working. Officers would supply details of the income recovered from proceeds of crime.
- 27. Voluntary Sector Review The reduction of the grant to HAVCO was due to the closure of their Community Accountancy Service. Rate relief for charities would be unaffected by any of the proposals. It was clarified that Council grants were often given to not for profit organisations in order to employ people so it was not simply a matter of increasing volunteer numbers. Other Members felt that most volunteers in Council services did come from charities. It was also possible that some extra work could be commissioned from charities in connection with the requirements of the Care Act.

- 28. Libraries All libraries, including the four most strategically important libraries, would have reduced opening hours compared to the current position. Officers could provide further details if necessary. There was no suggestion that any libraries would close. Officers had thought seriously about the viability of the proposals which were based on library service models that ran successfully elsewhere. The local studies library was a valuable service and efforts would be made to recruit more volunteers to help operate it. Officers would supply details of library footfall. The new Rainham and Harold Hill libraries would continue to operate. There were a total of 93 people currently employed in Council libraries although as many of these were part-time staff, this equated to 53.1 FTE posts.
- 29. Health and Wellbeing This category related to leisure centres and 'Policy, Marketing and Administration' referred to expenditure on support services. Services provided by the Health and Wellbeing Team included the arts service and sports development, as well as the leisure services role.
- 30. Queen's Theatre Officers met on a quarterly basis with the Queen's Theatre and had discussed the budget options. Full details of options would be shared with theatre management once the consultation had started. The grant figure of £400k was not correct and the total grant to the Queen's Theatre for this year was £546k.
- 31. Youth Service It was proposed to no longer provide discretionary services. All youth services provided by the Council would be mapped by officers. Work with vulnerable young people such as dealing with any gangs in Romford town centre would be protected. It would also be possible to signpost to other youth provision. Some Members felt that Overview and Scrutiny should look at this area. An initial proposition had been received from staff to form an employee led mutual to take on aspects of the service and this would need to be worked through. Some staff would transfer to the over 12 service which would be combined with Early Help & Troubled Families. The Youth Service had direct contact with more than 200 young people but did a lot of other work with young people in addition.
- 32. Troubled Families Savings in this area, after the first year, would be challenging and officers accepted there was a lot of work to do.
- 33. Children's Centres There would be more reliance on volunteers to run Children's Centres but there were no current plans to involve the private sector. It was hoped to retain five or six of the current Children's Centres but this could not be guaranteed at this stage.

34. Equalities Impact Assessments – All compulsory assessments had been completed and the complete set would be appended to the next Cabinet report on the budget. These would remain in draft as final decisions would not be taken until February 2015.

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MINUTES OF A MEETING OF THE VALUE OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE Town Hall, Main Road, Romford 18 September 2014 (7.30 - 10.20 pm)

Present:

Councillors Clarence Barrett (Chairman), Philippa Crowder (Vice-Chair), John Crowder, Steven Kelly, Barbara Matthews, Barry Mugglestone, Graham Williamson and +Carol Smith

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Robby Misir and Councillor David Johnson.

+Substitute members: Councillor Carol Smith (for Robby Misir).

6 MINUTES

The minutes of the meetings held on 3 July and 20 August 2014 were agreed as correct records and signed by the Chairman.

7 LOCAL GOVERNMENT OMBUDSMAN'S ANNUAL LETTER

The Committee considered a report which included the Annual Letter from the Local Government Ombudsman (LGO).

The Annual Letter was the LGO's principle means of communicating a summary of its activity with every authority (361- not just local councils these days) across England and provided a break-down of complaints referred to her throughout the year.

During the debate Members questioned the accuracy of the letter as it appeared to show a different number of complaints than what had previously been shown in the Council's own Ombudsman activity report that had previously been considered by the Adjudication & Review Committee.

Members felt that the figures in the letter and report should be broken down further to show specific service areas where complaints had been made. It was also felt that it would be useful to benchmark complaint figures with those of other local authorities to show how Havering was performing.

Members agreed that a more detailed report should be prepared and then considered by the Adjudication & Review Committee which in turn would then be fed down to the Overview & Scrutiny Committees for their noting.

It was **RESOLVED** that the Committee noted the report, that a single letter of response be sent to the LGO about this year's letter and that the LGO statistics were published in an easier format, showing comparable figures of other local authorities, along with the in-house commentary on the Calendar Brief.

8 CORPORATE PERFORMANCE - QUARTER FOUR 2013/14 & ANNUAL REPORT 2013/14

The Committee considered two reports setting out the performance of the Council's Corporate Performance Indicators for Quarter 4 2013/14 and for the year 2013/14 as a whole.

The reports identified where the Council was performing well and not so well. Where the Council was not performing so well a corrective action box had been included in the report highlighting what action the Council was taking to address poor performance where appropriate.

The Council's Interim Corporate Policy & Community Manager gave Members an overview of the two reports.

During the debate members raised issues relating to several areas of the reports, included in these were:

CS1 - Percentage of Council Tax collected. Members wished to know what actions were being taken to collect the outstanding 2.86% that was not currently being collected.

CS7 - Percentage of Corporate Complaints completed within ten days. Members questioned as to why the performance was some way short of the target that had been set. In response officers advised that the figures included complaints that had been made against Homes and Housing who had recently re-integrated back within the Council which had led to some IT and logistics problems which if left out of the reporting would have seen the performance rise to a figure in line with the set target. Members asked that details of what actions were being taken to address the problem were being taken and asked that this information be reported back to the Committee at its next meeting. Members also felt it would be prudent for the Head of Service to be invited to the Committee's next meeting to explain the actions being taken to address the problems. Members agreed that there were some anomalies in the reporting system that allowed responses to Corporate Complaints to reset the clock as opposed to showing the total length of time the complaint had been in existence for.

Sickness Absence - Members agreed that the absence figures needed to be broken down into service clusters to show which Service Areas were performing poorly. Following a question from Members, officers confirmed that staff working for oneSource sickness absences were included in the figures as they still remained employees of Havering.

Officers advised that managers were taken an active role in the management of sickness absence which included working proactively with the Council's Occupational Health provider. Two Managing Attendance Clinics had taken place, in March and May of this year, which had addressed problems with long term absences and had led to a number of staff either retiring through ill health or returning to work.

Members were advised that the Council used The Bradford Factor which was a common human resource management tool as a means of measuring worker absenteeism. The theory was that short, frequent, and unplanned absences were more disruptive than longer absences. The Factor was developed as a way of highlighting the disproportionate level of disruption on an organisation's performance that could be caused by short-term absence compared to single instances of prolonged absence. The Factor was originally designed for use as part of the overall investigation and management of absenteeism.

In reply to a question from a Member, staff confirmed that Customer Services, StreetCare and Grounds Maintenance were Service Areas that suffered mainly from elevated levels of sickness absence.

Officers confirmed that "convenience sickness", where employees took days off either side of weekends, was carefully monitored and dealt with and that return to work interviews were carried out differently for short term regular absences compared to one off long term absences.

In reply to a question, officers confirmed that the target level set of ten days per employee was a corporate policy decision.

Members agreed that it would be useful to have sight of a copy of the Council's sickness policy at the next meeting and in the meantime be forwarded a link to the policy on the intranet. https://intranet.havering.gov.uk/index.aspx?articleid=11622#att

Officers confirmed that there had been a decrease in the figures for the first quarter of 2014/15 which led Members to question why the earlier figures were being considered so late in the year. Officers explained that the first quarter figures for 2014/15 had not yet been before Cabinet. The consensus between Members was that there perhaps needed to be a change in reporting protocol to allow the reports to be considered by the OSCs at an earlier opportunity.

Members also suggested that it may be prudent in the future to scrutinise how the targets were set and not just accept that the targets were being met.

It was agreed that two Topic Groups be established to look at the following subjects:

Collection of Council Tax and NNDR (Debt Recovery)

Sickness Absence Monitoring

Councillors Crowder (Philippa), Crowder (John), Kelly and Williamson agreed to form the Debt Recovery Topic Group membership.

Councillors Barrett and Mugglestone agreed to form the Sickness absence Monitoring Topic Group and asked that an invitation be sent to Councillor Misir to ask if he would be interested in being the third member of the group.

Members **reviewed** and **noted** the contents of both reports.

9 FINANCIAL REPORTING AND MONITORING

Members received a presentation from the Council's Operational Manager of Internal Shared Services on the Council's reserves provision.

Along with the presentation Members were given two reports.

The first report dealt with budget monitoring for period 3 of 2014/15

The report showed that the forecast revenue outturn was currently projected at an overspend balance of £2.0m for the General Fund and a breakeven position for the oneSource directorate.

Risk assessed budgets were based on last year's assessment and those considered high risk would be reported on in future months. A full review of budgets would be undertaken on a quarterly basis.

The Dedicated Schools Budget, Public Health, Collection Fund and the Housing Revenue Account were all ring-fenced and any year end variance would remain with them.

The second report detailed Earmarked and General Reserves as they stood at 31 March 2014.

Members were advised that Earmarked Reserves were amounts earmarked to fund known items of anticipated expenditure for which the liability was not chargeable to the current year's accounts.

General Reserves were amounts set aside for unforeseen circumstances not covered by existing budgets or earmarked reserves. These were usually risk assessed to ensure the level of provision was appropriate to the level of the perceived risk and uncertainty.

Members noted that the schools balances had to be shown even though the Council was only holding the funds.

Members questioned as to why a reserve fund was hold for the renewal of library books when it had previously been agreed that the funding for renewal of books was to be funded from a Capital budget. It was agreed that the question be raised at the next meeting of the Audit Committee.

Members also agreed to raise the issue of Section 106 funding with officers to ascertain how the monies were spent and on what projects.

Members **noted** the reports and asked that more detailed reports be brought before the Committee that drilled down on the exact nature of the reserves and how they were spent.

10 **EXCLUSION OF THE PUBLIC**

Following the completion of normal business, the committee decided to exclude the public for the remainder of the meeting on the grounds that it was likely that, in view of the nature of the business to be transacted or the nature of the proceedings, if members of the public were present during those items there would be disclosure to them of exempt information within the meaning of paragraph 9 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972. It was decided to exclude the public on those grounds, the Committee **RESOLVED** accordingly on the motion of the Chairman.

11 CORPORATE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (VALUE)

The report before members detailed a graphical illustration of trends over 2012/13 and 2013/14 for the Council's corporate performance indicators that related to the Value Goal in the Corporate Plan.

At the Committee meeting on 28 November 2013, Members received the Quarter 1 and Quarter 2 Corporate Performance Reports, which had been to Cabinet in September and November 2013. Those reports provided a snapshot of performance in time. Members asked if more detail could be provided for the Value corporate performance indicators, in the form of actual numbers, trend and benchmarking data. The appendix to the report contained such information.

All benchmarking data had been sourced from London Authority Performance Solution (LAPS) data. Facilitated by London Councils, the LAPS project aimed to share, compare and analyse local performance data collected by London Boroughs on a quarterly basis. This data was provided on a voluntarily basis, with a proviso that the data was made available for internal use only and was not published. To ensure the benchmarking data was as meaningful as possible, Havering's statistical nearest neighbour according to the Office for National Statistics (Bexley) and the Council's geographical nearest neighbours (Redbridge, Barking & Dagenham and Newham) had been highlighted.

<u>Value Overview & Scrutiny Committee, 18</u> September 2014

The latest benchmarking data for Quarter 4 2013/14 had been used, except for the Council Tax and NNDR collection rates where Q3 2013/14 was the latest comparative data (as it was always a quarter behind).

It was important to note that since the abolition of the National Indicator Set in 2010, most performance indicators were collected on a local basis and therefore methodologies may have differed slightly.

During the debate Members questioned as to why Havering's Council Tax collection rates were significantly higher than the London Borough of Newham's yet in NNDR the positions were reversed. Officers advised that since the creation of oneSource both authorities were learning from one another regarding how to improve their collection rates and in picking up best practice procedures.

Members also questioned why the level of performance had dropped within the ISS10 indicator. The indicator showed the percentage of suppliers that were paid within thirty days of receipt of invoice by the Council.

Officers undertook to arrange for an answer to be provided at the next meeting.

Members **noted** the report.



OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY BOARD 27 NOVEMBER 2014

OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY BOARD TERMS OF REFERENCE
Andrew Blake-Herbert Group Director, Strategy and Resources
Anthony Clements Principal Committee Officer Anthony.clements@onesource.co.uk 01708 433065
Local Government Act 2000 Localism Act 2011 Council Constitution
No financial implications from agreeing terms of reference. Support to the Board will be provided from within existing committee administration resources.

The subject matter of this report deals with the following Council Objectives

Ensuring a clean, safe and green borough	
Championing education and learning for all	
Providing economic, social and cultural activity	
in thriving towns and villages	[X]
Valuing and enhancing the lives of our residents	[X]
Delivering high customer satisfaction and a stable council tax	

SUMMARY

Following the agreement by full Council to establish an Overview and Scrutiny Board on 22 October 2014, this report puts forward a proposed terms of reference for the Overview and Scrutiny Board.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Overview and Scrutiny Board:

1. Adopt the Board's Terms of Reference as shown in appendix 1 to this report.

REPORT DETAIL

- 1.1 The establishment of an Overview and Scrutiny Board will allow the coordination of work amongst the six Sub-Committees and all sub-Committee Chairmen will be members of the Board. The Board will need to consider how best work can be coordinated to avoid duplication of effort and how it can ensure that the effectiveness of scrutiny is monitored. Additionally, the Board will have a number of specific powers and responsibilities which are summarised in the following paragraphs.
- 1.2 It will be the responsibility of the Board to deal with all requisitions or call-ins received of Executive Decisions. Clearly, it would seem appropriate for the relevant Sub-Committee Chairman to have close involvement in scrutiny of the requisitioned issue but Members should note this change to previous practice whereby all requisitions will now be considered at Board level. It may on occasion be necessary to call a meeting of the Board at short notice in order to allow for timely consideration of a called-in decision.
- 1.3 Formal scrutiny of the Council's overall budgets will be the responsibility of the Overview and Scrutiny Board with the previous twice-yearly (if required) joint budget meetings of the overview and scrutiny committees now becoming meetings of the Overview and Scrutiny Board. The Overview and Scrutiny Board will also receive for scrutiny each set of performance reports that have been considered by Cabinet.
- 1.4 The functions of the former Value Overview and Scrutiny Committee will be taken over by the Overview and Scrutiny Board. The Board will therefore have the full scrutiny functions, including the establishment of any topic groups, in the following areas:

Overview and Scrutiny Board, 27 November 2014

- Strategy and commissioning
- Partnerships with Business
- Customer access
- E-government and ICT
- Finance
- Human resources
- Asset Management
- Property resources
- Facilities Management
- Communications
- Democratic Services
- Social inclusion
- Councillor Call for Action
- 1.5 Proposed terms of reference for the Overview and Scrutiny Board are set out in Appendix 1 attached.

IMPLICATIONS AND RISKS

Financial implications and risks:

There are no direct financial implications arising from this report which is to agree terms of reference for the Board. It should be noted that support to the Board will be covered by existing budgets within Committee Administration.

Legal implications and risks:

Section 9F of the Local Government Act 2000 (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) provides that executive arrangements by a local authority must include provision for the appointment by the authority of one or more committees to undertake the specified functions of overview and scrutiny. The specified functions are those contained in the proposed terms of reference of the Overview and Scrutiny Board at Appendix 1 to this report.

Subject to the foregoing it is within the discretion of every authority as to how its Overview and Scrutiny arrangements are organised. The proposals in this report satisfy the legal requirements and there are no other immediate legal implications arising from this report.

Human Resources implications and risks:

There will be a minor impact to resources as staff will be required to undertake revised administrative duties; this will however be met by existing resources.

Overview and Scrutiny Board, 27 November 2014

Equalities implications and risks:

There are no direct equalities implications and risks

BACKGROUND PAPERS

None.

Appendix 1

Overview & Scrutiny Board - Terms of Reference

1. Functions of Overview and Scrutiny

Section 9F of the Local Government Act 2000 (as amended by the Localism Act 2011) requires that the overview and scrutiny function be empowered to undertake the following activities:

To:

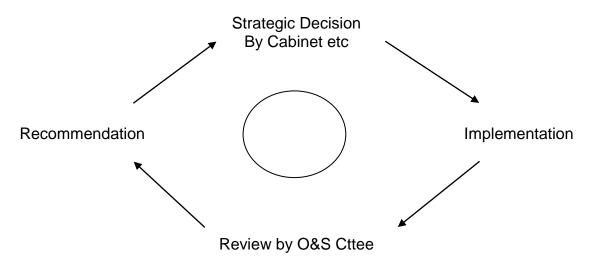
- Review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the Executive.
- (b) Make reports or recommendations to the Authority or the Executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the Executive:
- (c) Review or scrutinise decisions made, or other action taken, in connection with the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the Executive:
- (d) Make reports or recommendations to the Authority or the Executive with respect to the discharge of any functions which are not the responsibility of the Executive; and
- (e) Make reports or recommendations to the Authority or the Executive on matters which affect the Authority's area or the inhabitants of that area.
- (f) (i) Review and scrutinise in accordance with regulations made under Section 244 of the National Health Service Act 2006 (as amended by the Health and Social Care Act 2012) matters relating to the Health Service (within the meaning given by that Act as extended by that section) in the Authority's area and
 - (ii) Make reports and recommendations on such matters in accordance with the regulations.

2. Havering Council's Overview and Scrutiny Function is delegated as follows:

The Overview and Scrutiny Board will take responsibility for:

General oversight of the overview and scrutiny function to ensure that scrutiny reviews and investigations are appropriate, that the sub-committees work together effectively, and that ideas and expertise are shared. To help this happen, the Chairs of each scrutiny sub-committee will be members of the Overview and Scrutiny Board. The Board will be politically balanced, comprising 16 members in total.

- 2) Exercising of the power to hold the Executive to account, by examining decisions about to be taken; taken but not yet implemented (call-in); and that have been implemented (post-hoc review) in connection with the discharge of any functions which are the responsibility of the Executive.
- Consideration of matters relating to the conduct, structure and procedures of overview and scrutiny;
- 4) Development of mechanisms for addressing cross-cutting issues and for preventing duplication of work. Where matters fall within the remit of more than one O&S sub-committee, to determine which of them will assume responsibility or set up a joint ad-hoc body;
- Contribution to continuous improvement in service delivery (through consideration of service delivery performance) and through consideration of the work of the sub committees to ensure a balanced programme that relates to important aspects of council activity is undertaken. Such activity will include both Executive and non-Executive processes. The Board will encourage the sub-committees to review key policies and decisions made by the Executive to ensure it contributes to learning and a culture of continuous improvement using the model below.



This model suggests that Cabinet's strategic decisions are to be put to the O&S Board after a given period subject to O&S choosing to review that policy / decision. While the Board and sub-committees can pick and choose which polices / decisions they would like to examine, it is desirable that any review of the policy / decision chosen is undertaken in the context of the Council's declared policy priorities. The O&S Board will oversee this process.

6) Lead on scrutiny of the Council's overall budgets and delivery of the Council's Financial Strategy by holding twice-yearly meetings (if required) of the Board and all its sub-committees at which Cabinet members and relevant officers will submit for scrutiny the Council's budget proposals and progress in delivering the Council's overall Financial Strategy.

Overview and Scrutiny Board, 27 November 2014

- 7) Undertaking specific scrutiny, including the establishment of any appropriate topic groups, of:
 - Strategy and Commissioning
 - Partnerships with Business
 - Customer access
 - E-government and ICT
 - Finance
 - Human Resources
 - Asset Management
 - Property Resources
 - Facilities Management
 - Communications
 - Democratic Services
 - Social Inclusion
 - Councillor Call for Action
- 8) The receipt, normally at the final meeting of the Board of the municipal year, of annual reports of the Overview and Scrutiny Sub-Committees. The Board to present an annual report to Council summarising its activities during the last municipal year.



Agenda Item 7

I OVERVIEW & SCRIITINY BOARD



Subject Heading:

OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY BOARD 27 NOVEMBER 2014

WORK PROGRAMME		
Andrew Blake-Herbert Group Director, Strategy and Resources		
Anthony Clements Principal Committee Officer Anthony.clements@onesource.co.uk 01708 433065		
Local Government Act 2000 Localism Act 2011 Council Constitution		
Support to the Board will be provided from within existing committee administration resources.		

The subject matter of this report deals with the following Council Objectives

Ensuring a clean, safe and green borough	
Championing education and learning for all	[X]
Providing economic, social and cultural activity	
in thriving towns and villages	[X]
Valuing and enhancing the lives of our residents	[X]
Delivering high customer satisfaction and a stable council tax	[X]

SUMMARY

Following the agreement by full Council to establish an Overview and Scrutiny Board on 22 October 2014, this report invites the Board to agree its work programme for the remainder of the municipal year.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the Overview and Scrutiny Board:

1. Agree its work programme as shown in appendix 1 to this report along with any amendments that it wishes to make.

REPORT DETAIL

- 1.1 The Overview and Scrutiny Board will need to agree its programme of work for the remaining meetings of the municipal year. Following initial discussions with the Chairman, several standing items have been suggested including an update on the position with current topic groups run by the Sub-Committees and the scrutiny of the performance reports that are submitted to Cabinet. Space has also been allocated for Members of any Sub-Committee to refer matters to the Board that they feel merit scrutiny at the Board level.
- 1.2 It is also envisaged that brief updates on the work of each Sub-Committee will be given at each meeting of the Board. Members should also note that the Board will take over responsibility for scrutiny of the Council's overall budget proposals and its Financial Strategy.
- 1.3 Members should note that the attached work plan is in draft at this stage and Members are welcome to make any additions or changes to the proposals during discussion at the initial meeting of the Board.

IMPLICATIONS AND RISKS

Financial implications and risks:

There are no direct financial implications and risks as support to the Board will be covered by existing budgets within Committee Administration.

Legal implications and risks:

There are no direct legal implications or risks.

Overview and Scrutiny Board, 27 November 2014

Human Resources implications and risks:

There are no direct human resources implications or risks.

Equalities implications and risks:

There are no direct equalities implications and risks

BACKGROUND PAPERS

None.

<u>APPENDIX 1: OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY BOARD – WORK PROGRAMME</u> (<u>Provisional Meeting Dates</u>)

27 NOVEMBER 2014	13 JANUARY 2015	22 JANUARY 2015	4 MARCH 2015	16 APRIL 2015
Note membership	Sub- Committee Update	Budget scrutiny	Sub- Committee Update	Sub- Committee Update
Terms of Reference	List and progress of current topic groups		List and progress of current topic groups	List and progress of current topic groups
Committee's work programme (incl. work undertaken by former value OSC)	Member referral of scrutiny items		Member referral of scrutiny items	Member referral of scrutiny items
Performance Reports	List and progress of current sub-committee topic groups		List and progress of current sub-committee topic groups	List and progress of current sub-committee topic groups
Minutes from Value OSC (including joint OSC re budget) Work plans of	Performance Reports			Performance Reports
Sub- Committees				

Agenda Item 8



CABINET **15 OCTOBER 2014** Subject Heading: CORPORATE PERFORMANCE REPORT **QUARTER 1 2014/15 Cabinet Member: Councillor Roger Ramsey Andrew Blake-Herbert** CMT Lead: **Report Author and contact details:** Brian Partridge, Interim Corporate Policy & Community Manager brian.partridge@havering.gov.uk 01708 431004 **Policy context:** The report sets out the Council's performance against the Corporate Performance Indicators for Quarter 1 2014/15. **Financial summary:** There are no direct financial implications arising from this report. It is expected that the delivery of targets will be achieved within existing resources. No Is this a Key Decision? No Is this a Strategic Decision? When should this matter be reviewed? The Corporate Performance Report will be brought to Cabinet at the end of each quarter. **Reviewing OSC:** Value, Towns and Communities, Individuals, Environment, Children and Learning, Adult

The subject matter of this report deals with the following Council Objectives

Ensuring a clean, safe and green borough		
Championing education and learning for all		
Providing economic, social and cultural activity		
in thriving towns and villages	[X]	
Valuing and enhancing the lives of our residents	[X]	
Delivering high customer satisfaction and a stable council tax	[X]	

SUMMARY

This report sets out the performance of the Council's Corporate Performance Indicators for Quarter 1 (April to June 2014) 2014/15, against the five Living Ambition Goals of the Corporate Plan (Environment, Learning, Towns & Communities, Individuals and Value).

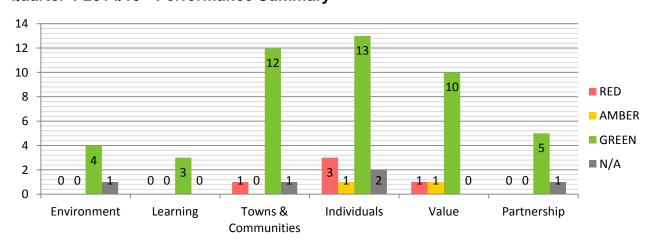
The report identifies where the Council is performing well (Green) and not so well (Amber and Red). The variance for the 'RAG' rating is:

- Red = more than 10% off the Quarter 1 Target and where performance has not improved compared to Quarter 1 2013/14¹
- Amber = more than 10% off the Quarter 1 Target and where performance has improved or been maintained compared to Quarter 1 2013/14.
- Green = on or within 10% of the Quarter 1 Target

Where the RAG rating is 'Red', a 'Corrective Action' box has been included in the report. This highlights what action the Council is taking to address poor performance, where appropriate.

Also included in the report is a Direction of Travel (DoT) column which compares performance in Quarter 1 2014/15 with performance in Quarter 1 2013/14. A green arrow (\uparrow) means performance is better and a red arrow (\downarrow) signifies performance is worse. An amber arrow (\rightarrow) means that performance is the same.

Quarter 1 2014/15 - Performance Summary



59 Corporate Performance Indicators are measured quarterly and 54 of these have been given a RAG status. In summary:

- 47 of 54 (87%) have a RAG status of Green
- 7 of 54 (13%) have a RAG status of Amber or Red

¹ With the exception of 'Percentage of National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) collected' and 'Percentage of council tax collected 'where page is 5%

RECOMMENDATIONS

Cabinet is asked to **review** the report and **note** its content.

REPORT DETAIL

Highlighted below is a summary of the Corporate Performance Indicators for Quarter 1 2014/15, where performance is RAG rated as **Green** or **Amber** and shows an improvement on Quarter 1 2013/14; and where performance is RAG rated as **Red**. For these few (**Red**) indicators, corrective action is taking place to improve performance.

Green or Amber Indicators

Environment - to ensure a clean, safe and green borough

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT	
SC05 - Percentage of missed collections put right within target	93%	99% (1,109 of 1,125)	↑	
While there have been an increased number of missed collections compared to the same period last year, the percentage of missed collections put right within target has improved from 97% to 99%.				
SC07 - Total number of fly tip incidents	875	767	^	
There has been a reduction in the number of fly tip incidents with 767 this quarter compared to 941 in the same period last year. Performance is better than the same period last year (with 174 fewer incidents) and is also significantly better than target.				
SCO2 - Percentage of household waste sent for reuse, recycling & composting	36%	37%	1	
Outturns are provisional as this data comes from the East London Waste Authority (ELWA) and lags by 6-8 weeks. Performance this quarter (37%) is better than target and better than the same period last year (36%).				

Learning – to champion education and learning for all

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT
(ex) NI117 - Percentage of 16 to 19 year olds (school years 12-14) who are not in education, employment or training	4%	4.1%	^

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT	
Participation levels of the resident cohort of young people (years 12-14) remains high with only 4.1% of 16-19 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET). This shows an improvement on the same period last year (4.9%).				
LA1 - Number of apprentices (aged 16-18) recruited in the borough	240 AY 2013/14 (Q1)	295 AY 2013/14 (Q1)	^	
Outturns for this indicator refer to the last complete Academic Year (2013/14). Performance this quarter (295) is better than target and better than the same period last year (263).				

Towns and Communities – to provide economic, social and cultural opportunities					
Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT		
(ex) NI157a - Percentage of major applications processed within 13 weeks	60%	88% (7 of 8)	1		
(ex) NI157b - Percentage of minor applications processed within 8 weeks	65%	67% (61 of 91)	1		
(ex) NI157c - Percentage of other applications processed within 8 weeks	80%	90% (346 of 383)	1		
	Performance is above target for the quarter and better than the previous year for all three indicators. It is important to note, however, that as (ex) NI157a refers to a small number of applications, outturns can fluctuate.				
H1 - Percentage of Leaseholder Service Charge Arrears collected (excluding major works)	19%	38% (£111,600.28 of £1,029,594.72)	^		
Performance for this indicator (38%) is signifing of Leaseholder Service Charge Arrears collebetter than the same period last year (34%).					
H3 - Average void to re-let times	25 days	27 days (137 lets)	1		
The average void to re-let time for the quarte This is significantly better than the same perilet time was 34 days.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
H5 - Percentage of rent arrears against rent debit	2.48%	2.24% (£1,237,437 of £55,217,122)	1		
This indicator is performing better than target. Whether arrears are due to welfare reforms or tenancy issues, teams within Homes & Housing work closely together to ensure residents quickly receive the appropriate advice to minimise debts.					
L7 - Number of affordable homes delivered (gross)	85	88	↑		

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT
There were 88 affordable homes delivered the also significantly better than the same period were delivered).			

Individuals – to value and enhance the lives of our residents				
Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT	
CY2 - Percentage of looked after children (LAC) placements lasting at least 2 years	80%	80% (39 of 49)	^	
While statistical neighbours perform at approach the quarter (80%). This has been achieved the matching with appropriate foster carers.				
13 - Percentage of children who wait less than 20 months between entering care and moving in with their adopting family	60%	56% (5 of 9)	1	
Performance is within target tolerance and si year. Five children this quarter have waited and moving in with their adopting family com	less than 20 montl	hs before entering		
(ex) NI065 - Percentage of children becoming the subject of a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time within 2 years	5%	0% (0 of 55)	^	
As this represents a small number of children quarter (0%) is better than target and better the despite an increasing number of children bed	han the same per	iod last year (10%)		
ASCOF 1F - Percentage of adults in contact with secondary mental health services in paid employment	5.5%	7.5% (39 of 520)	^	
The outturn this quarter represents 39 reside who are in paid employment. This is an important where 23 residents on the Care Programme	rovement on the sa	ame time last year	ch	
ASCOF 2A(i) - Rate of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population (aged 18-64)	1.6	1.4	^	
Performance for the rate of permanent admissions for residents aged 18-64 years has improved this quarter (1.4) compared to the same period last year (3.5) and is also better than target.				
ASCOF 2A(ii) - Rate of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population (aged 65+)	153	67	1	

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT
Permanent admissions of residents aged 65+ years has improved (67) compared to the same period last year (134) and is also better than target.			
L5 - Total number of Careline and Telecare users in the borough	5,000	4,483	1
Performance is slightly outside of target tolerance; however, there are 552 more			

Careline and Telecare users in the borough this quarter than the same period last year.

<u>Value – to deliver high customer satisfaction</u>

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT	
CS7 - Percentage of Corporate Complaints completed within 10 days	90%	81%	^	
The percentage of Corporate Complaints corimproved this quarter (81%) compared to the within target tolerance.				
CS21 - Percentage of customers satisfied with the Contact Centre	85%	91% (3,875 of 4,262)	^	
The satisfaction rate has exceeded target an period last year (85%). Of the 4,262 surveys satisfied with the Contact Centre.		•	me	
CS2 - Call abandon rates	10%	11% (11,442 of 102,416)	^	
Performance this quarter (11%) is significant (21%) despite having taken on additional ser Rates (NNDR) and Housing.		•		
CS3 - Speed of processing new Housing Benefit/Council Tax Support claims (days)	24 days	19 days	1	
The speed of processing new Housing Benerouarter (19 days) is significantly better than to same time last year (40 days).				
CS4 - Speed of processing changes in circumstances of Housing Benefit/Council Tax Support claimants (days)	16 days	12 days	1	
The speed of processing changes in circumstances of Housing Benefit and Council Tax Support claimants this quarter (12 days) is better than target and better than the same period last year (19 days).				
CS10 - Percentage of Member/MP Enquiries completed within 10 days	90%	78%	↑	

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT	
The percentage of Member/MP Enquiries completed within 10 days (78%) is slightly below target tolerance but the indicator is performing significantly better than the same				
period last year (67%).	rrommig organical	my bottor triair trio	James	

Red Indicators

Towns and Communities – to provide economic, social and cultural opportunities

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT
H2 - Percentage of repairs completed on time (including services contractors)	90%	78% (1,244 of 1,596)	•

The percentage of repairs completed on time this quarter (78%) is slightly outside target tolerance and lower than the same period last year (91%).

Corrective Action: Meetings are being held with the new main repairs contractor (Breyers), and a Service Improvement Plan has been requested, to ensure that performance improves by December 2014.

Individuals – to value and enhance the lives of our residents

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT		
PH1 - Chlamydia diagnoses	119	95 (Provisional)	Ψ		
Provisional performance for the quarter (95) is worse than target and worse than the same period last year (109).					
Corrective Action: The outturn is provisional as it excludes activity delivered by the sexual health service. The data collection method is being addressed to ensure complete outturns from Q2.					
CY15 - Number of new in-house foster carers	4	0	→		
Performance this quarter (0) is worse than target and the same as Q1 last year (0).					
Corrective Action: Extensive recruitment activity is under way and performance will show improvement as the year progresses. There is a need to recruit foster carers for					

ASCOF 1G - Percentage of adults with learning disabilities who live in their own home or with their family

9.0%

teenagers and so our recruitment campaign continues to focus on this difficult area.

Performance this quarter (9.0%) is worse than target and worse than the same period last year (10.1%).

Corrective Action: This indicator is expected to have recovered by next quarter. Performance will be monitored to ensure progress is maintained.

Value – to deliver high customer satisfaction

Indicator	Quarter 1 Target	Quarter 1 Performance	DoT
CI1 - Sickness absence rate per annum per employee (days)	7.6 days	10.4 days	4

This indicator is reported as a rate per FTE employee over a rolling 12-month period. Performance this quarter (10.4 days) is worse than target and the same period last year (8.8 days). For Q1, the sickness absence rate per FTE employee is 2.3 days, which is better than the same quarter last year (2.4 days).

Corrective Action: HR continue to work with Heads of Service to address sickness in their area and offer tailored support.

The full Corporate Performance Report for Quarter 1 2014/15 is attached as **Appendix 1**.

REASONS AND OPTIONS

Reasons for the decision: To provide Cabinet Members with a quarterly update on the Council's performance against the Corporate Performance Indicators.

Other options considered: N/A

IMPLICATIONS AND RISKS

Financial implications and risks:

Adverse performance for some Corporate Performance Indicators may have financial implications for the Council. Whilst it is expected that targets will be delivered within existing resources, officers regularly review the level and prioritisation of resources required to achieve the targets agreed by Cabinet at the start of the year.

Human Resources implications and risks:

The oneSource HR Service will continue to work with line managers to ensure that sickness absence is being managed appropriately and efficiently across the Council. Targeted actions are being taken in Council services with the highest levels of sickness absence. Resilience Training is being made available to managers and staff by the oneSource Health & Safety Service and all managers are in the process of completing the Management Development Programme to develop the relevant skills.

Legal implications and risks:

Whilst reporting on performance is not a statutory requirement, it is considered best practice to regularly review the Council's progress against the Corporate Plan

Equalities implications and risks:

The following Corporate Performance Indicators rated as 'Red' could potentially have equality and social inclusion implications if performance does not improve:

- PH1 Chlamydia diagnoses
- CY15 Number of new in-house foster carers
- ASCOF 1G Percentage of adults with learning disabilities who live in their own home or with their family
- **CI1** Sickness absence rate per annum per employee (days)

Should performance not improve, there will be a negative impact for people of different age groups in particular teenagers and younger people, including children in care. Disabled people could also experience a negative impact if performance continued for ASCOF 1G.

The commentary for each indicator provides further detail on steps that will be taken to improve performance and mitigate these inequalities.

BACKGROUND PAPERS

The Corporate Plan 2011-14 and 'Plan on a Page' 2014-15 are available on the Living Ambition page on the Havering Council website at:

http://www.havering.gov.uk/Pages/Campaigns/living-ambition-our-20-year-vision.aspx

Appendix 1: Quarter 1 Corporate Performance Report 2014/15

Havering London Borough

Cabinet (15th October 2014)

Key

RAG Rating		Direction	Direction of Travel (DoT)
Green	On or within 10% of the Quarter 1 Target $^{ m 1}$	←	Performance is better than Quarter 1 2013/14
Amber	More than 10% off the Quarter 1 Target and where performance has <i>improved or been maintained</i> compared to Quarter 1 2013/14	↑	Performance is the same as Quarter 1 2013/14
Red	More than 10% off the Quarter 1 Target and where performance has <i>not improved</i> compared to Quarter 1 2013/14	→	Performance is worse than Quarter 1 2013/14

Corporate Plan Indicator

പ്പു യ @nvironment - to ensure a clean, safe and green borough

Ref.	Indicator	Value	2014/15 Annual Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	DOT	Comments	Service
SC05	Percentage of missed collections put right within target	Bigger is Better	93%	93%	99% (1,109 of 1,125)	97% (790 of 813)	←	While there have been an increased number of missed collections compared to the same period last year, the percentage of missed collections put right within target has improved from 97% to 99%. There is therefore good performance in this area as we continue to perform better than target.	Streetcare
2005	Total number of fly tip incidents	Smaller is Better	3,500	875	797	941	←	There has been a reduction in the number of fly tip incidents with 767 this quarter compared to 941 in the same period last year. Performance is better than the same period last year (with 174 fewer incidents) and is also significantly better than target.	Streetcare

¹ With the exception of 'Percentage of NNDR collected' and 'Percentage of Council Tax collected' where the tolerance is 5%

Indicator		Value	2014/15 Annual Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	DOT	Comments	Service
Residual household waste Smaller 640kg 1	640kg		7	169kg	172kg (Provisional)	166kg	→	Outturns are provisional as this data comes from the East London Waste Authority (ELWA) and lags by 6-8 weeks. Performance this quarter (172kg) is within target tolerance and worse than the same period last year (166kg).	Streetcare
Percentage of household Bigger is 36% recycling & composting		36%		36%	37% (Provisional)	36%	←	Outturns are provisional as this data comes from the East London Waste Authority (ELWA) and lags by 6-8 weeks. Performance this quarter (37%) is better than target and better than the same period last year (36%).	Streetcare
Parking income against N/A £3,964,420 £9 budget (£)	£3,964,420		63	£991,105	£842,691	£909,221	N/A	This indicator is for information only and so a Value, Direction of Travel (DOT) and RAG rating are not included. Car parking income for the quarter is lower than target and less than the same period last year.	Streetcare

Learning - to champion education and learning for all

Target Target
75 75
4% 4%
600 240 AY 2013/14 AY 2013/14 (Q1-Q4) (Q1)

Towns and Communities - to provide economic, social and cultural opportunities in thriving towns and villages

	Indicator	Value	2014/15 Annual Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	DOT	Comments	Service
ž	Number of library visits (physical)	Bigger is Better	1,602,276	400,569	413,979	428,719	→	Despite the huge rise in virtual access, libraries still attract large numbers of physical visitors and are currently exceeding monthly targets by over 13,000 visits.	Culture & Leisure
Z	Net external funding (£) secured through regeneration initiatives	Bigger is Better	£2,000,000	£500,000	£1,410,100	£2,822,700	→	Funding is significantly better than target and comprises of Heritage Lottery Fund Restoration of Upminster Windmill (£1,385,100), TfL Crossrail Complementary Measures (£24,000) and GLA Summer of High Streets (£1,000).	Economic Development
ë	Number of businesses accessing advice through regeneration initiatives	Bigger is Better	800	200	210	330	→	Performance this quarter is made up of a combination of attendees at specific business related events (e.g. Women in Business) and 1-2-1 meetings between businesses and Business Development Officers within the Service.	Economic Development
a	Percentage of appeals allowed against refusal of planning permission	Smaller is Better	30%	30%	26% (6 of 23)	17% (2 of 12)	→	Of the 23 appeals made against refusal of planning permission this quarter, only 6 appeals were allowed (26%). While this is better than target, it is important to note that a small number of appeals can have a disproportionate impact.	Regulatory Services
	Percentage of major applications processed within 13 weeks	Bigger is Better	%09	%09	88% (7 of 8)	80% (4 of 5)	←	Performance is significantly above target for the quarter with 7 out of 8 applications determined within the statutory timeframe. It is important to note, however, that as this refers to a small number of applications, outturns can fluctuate.	Regulatory Services

Service	Regulatory Services	Regulatory Services	Homes & Housing	Homes & Housing	Homes & Housing
Comments	Performance this quarter (67%) is better than target and significantly better than the previous year (30%). This follows the provision of additional resources and the Sadoption of an action plan to bring about improvement in decision making.	Performance for the quarter (90%) is above target and is also significantly better than Re the previous year (40%). This represents a Strong start for the forthcoming year.	Performance for this indicator (38%) is significantly better than target with £111,600.28 of Leaseholder Service Charge Arrears collected this quarter. Performance is also better than the same period last year (34%).	The average void to re-let time for the quarter is within target tolerance at 27 Hays. This is significantly better than the same period last year where the average void to re-let time was 34 days.	While performance is worse than the same period last year, the Decent Homes H. Programme is on target for 2014/15 with 63 homes made decent this quarter.
DOT	tha tha pr	Per ta th	£1.	- 5 p ss	→ A A
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	30% (24 of 81)	40% (137 of 343)	34% (121,603.39of 1,662,660.0)	34 days (142 lets)	108
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	67% (61 of 91)	90% (346 of 383)	38% (£111,600.28 of £1,029,594.72)	27 days (137 lets)	63
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	%59	%08	19%	25 days	63
2014/15 Annual Target	%59	%08	93%	25 days	1,291
Value	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better
Indicator	Percentage of minor applications processed within 8 weeks	Percentage of other applications processed within 8 weeks	Percentage of Leaseholder Service Charge Arrears collected (excluding major works)	Average void to re-let times	Number of homes made decent
Ref.	(ex) N157b	(ex) N157c	 Page ₄	≌ 45	H4

				1
Service	Homes & Housing	Homes & Housing	Homes & Housing	Homes & Housing
Comments	This indicator is performing better than target and better than the same period last year. Whether arrears are due to welfare reforms or tenancy issues, teams within Homes & Housing work closely together to ensure residents quickly receive the appropriate advice to minimise debts.	There were 88 affordable homes delivered this quarter, which is better than target and also significantly better than the same period last year (where 11 affordable homes were delivered).	The percentage of repairs completed on time this quarter (78%) is slightly outside target tolerance and lower than the same period last year (91%). Corrective Action: Meetings are being held with the new main repairs contractor (Breyers), and a Service Improvement Plan has been requested, to ensure that performance improves by December 2014.	There is no direction of travel, and therefore no RAG rating, as the Keys for Change programme was launched in November 2013. Performance for the quarter (14) is below target. The overall target is to assist 137 people over the 2 year programme (Nov 2013 – Oct 2015). Performance is currently on track with 71 enrolments since November 2013.
DOT	←	*	→	۷ ۷
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	2.43% (£1,294,808 of £53,392,036)	11	91% (2,352 of 2,584)	New indicator
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2.24% (£1,237,437 of £55,217,122)	88	78% (1,244 of 1,596)	14
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2.48%	85	%06	17
2014/15 Annual Target	2.50%	250	%06	69
Value	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better
Indicator	Percentage of rent arrears against rent debit	Number of affordable homes delivered (gross)	Percentage of repairs completed on time (including services contractors)	Number of persons enrolled on Keys for Change
Ref.	H5	77	[₹] Page 46	NEW

Individuals - to value and enhance the lives of our residents

Service	Children's Services	Children's Services	Children's Services	Children's Services	Adult Social Care
Comments	While the England average has not exceeded 70% over the past five years, and statistical neighbours perform at approximately 67%, we have met our target for the quarter (80%). This has been achieved through improved earlier planning and matching with appropriate foster carers.	Performance is within target tolerance and significantly better than the same period last year. Five children this quarter have waited less than 20 months before entering care and moving in with their adopting family compared to three last year, although the number of LAC in the cohort is lower.	Due to the small number of children, this indicator fluctuates significantly. Performance is on target with only one child on a CP Plan for more than 24 months. The duration of CP Plans is under constant review by Children and Young People's Services and actual or potential drift is promptly addressed.	As with CY13, a small number of children can have a disproportionate impact on reported figures. Performance this quarter (0%) is better than target and better than the same period last year (10%), despite an increasing number of children becoming subject to a CP Plan.	The definition for this measure changed in 2014/15 to ensure consistency across authorities and so no DOT is available until 2015/16 (Q1). Performance for the quarter (81%) is better than target.
рот	←	←	→	←	×/×
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	70% (33 of 47)	25% (3 of 12)	0% (0 of 29)	10% (2 of 21)	43% (2,036 of 4,763)
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	80% (39 of 49)	56% (5 of 9)	4% (1 of 25)	0% (0 of 55)	81% (1,516 of 1,876)
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	%08	%09	4%	2%	%08
2014/15 Annual Target	%08	%09	4%	2%	%08
Value	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better	Smaller is Better	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better
Indicator	Percentage of looked after children (LAC) placements lasting at least 2 years	Percentage of children who wait less than 20 months between entering care and moving in with their adopting family	Percentage of Child Protection (CP) Plans lasting more than 24 months	Percentage of children becoming the subject of a Child Protection Plan for a second or subsequent time within 2 years	Percentage of people using social care who receive self-directed support and those receiving direct payments
Ref.	CY2	13	Page 47	(ex) NI065	ASCOF 1C(i)

Indicator	ator	Value	2014/15 Annual Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	рот	Comments	Service
Direct pa proportion · supt	Direct payments as a proportion of self-directed support (%)	Bigger is Better	45%	45%	41% (774 of 1,876)	14% (670 of 4,763)	A/N	The definition for this measure changed in 2014/15 to ensure consistency across authorities and so no DOT is available until 2015/16 (Q1). Performance for the quarter (41%) is within target tolerance.	Adult Social Care
Percentag contact wi mental hee paid en	Percentage of adults in contact with secondary mental health services in paid employment	Bigger is Better	5.5%	5.5%	7.5% (39 of 520)	4.3% (23 of 532)	←	The outturn this quarter represents 39 residents on the Care Programme approach who are in paid employment. This is an improvement on the same time last year where 23 residents on the Care Programme were in paid employment.	Adult Social Care
Percentage contact we mental he living indep	Percentage of adults in contact with secondary mental health services iving independently, with or without support	Bigger is Better	94%	94%	92% (479 of 520)	93% (496 of 532)	→	Performance this quarter (92%) is within target tolerance and at a similar level to the same period last year (93%). This represents 479 residents on the Care Programme living independently, with or without support.	Adult Social Care
Rate of admissions and nursir per 100,00 (age	Rate of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population (aged 18-64)	Smaller is Better	9.0	1.6	1.4	3.5	←	Performance for the rate of permanent admissions for residents aged 18-64 years has improved this quarter (1.4) compared to the same period last year (3.5) and is also better than target.	Adult Social Care
Rate of admission and nursin per 100,0	Rate of permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population (aged 65+)	Smaller is Better	585	153	67	134	←	Performance for the rate of permanent admissions for residents aged 65+ years has improved (67) compared to the same period last year (134) and is also better than target.	Adult Social Care

Service	Adult Social Care	Adult Social	Adult Social Care	Homes & Housing	- 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1
Comments	This indicator looks at delays where there is a joint responsibility with Adult Social Care and health. Performance for the quarter (1.8) is better than target but worse than the same period last year (1.1).	This indicator looks at hospital delays where the responsibility is Adult Social Care only. Performance for the quarter (0.8) is in line with the same period last year and is within target tolerance.	This indicator considers the success of reablement and measures the number of service users who return after a successful reablement phase. Performance for the quarter (1.7) is worse than the same period last year, however, is better than target.	Performance is slightly outside of target tolerance; however, there are 552 more Careline and Telecare users in the borough this quarter than the same period last year.	Provisional performance for the quarter (95) is worse than target and worse than the same period last year (109). Corrective Action: The outturn is
DOT	→	^	→	←	-
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	1.1	0.8	0.0 (0 of 123)	3,931	109
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	1.8	0.8	1.7 (3 of 175)	4,483	95
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	3.0	1.0	5.5	2,000	119
2014/15 Annual Target	3.0	1.0	5.5	2,000	475
Value	Smaller is Better	Smaller is Better	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Retter
Indicator	Number of delayed transfers of care from hospital attributable to Adult Social Care (ASC) and health per 100,000	Delayed transfers of care that are attributable to Adult Social Care (ASC) only per 100,000 population	Percentage of people who, having undergone reablement, return to ASC 91 days after completing reablement and require an ongoing service	Total number of Careline and Telecare users in the borough	Chlamydia diagnoses
Ref.	ASCOF 2C(ii)	ASCOF 2C(iii)	^ໆ Page ₄	51 49	PH1

Value - to deliver high customer satisfaction and a stable council tax

Service	Corporate Health	Corporate Health	Corporate Health	Customer Services	Customer Services
Comments	The percentage of Corporate Complaints completed within 10 days has significantly improved this quarter (81%) compared to the same period last year (65%) and is now within target tolerance.	The percentage of Corporate Complaints escalated to Stage 2 this quarter (5.2%) is better than target but slightly worse than the same time last year (5.0%).	This indicator is performing better than target for the quarter and the same as the previous year (96%). Of the 22,990 invoices received this quarter, 22,179 invoices were processed within 30 days.	The satisfaction rate has exceeded target and has increased compared to the same period last year (85%). Of the 4,262 surveys completed, 3,875 customers were satisfied with the Contact Centre.	Performance this quarter (11%) is significantly better than the same period last year (21%) despite having taken on additional services, such as National Non-Domestic Rates (NNDR) and Housing.
DOT	←	→	^	←	←
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	65%	5.0%	96% (21,262 of 22,175)	85% (3,551 of 4,198)	21% (16,774 of 81,450)
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	81%	5.2%	96% (22,179 of 22,990)	91% (3,875 of 4,262)	11% (11,442 of 102,416)
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	90%	10%	%56	85%	10%
2014/15 Annual Target	%06	10%	%56	%58	10%
Value	Bigger is Better	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better	Bigger is Better	Smaller is Better
Indicator	Percentage of Corporate Complaints completed within 10 days	Percentage of Corporate Complaints escalated to Stage 2	Percentage of suppliers paid within 30 days of receipt, by Transactional Team, by invoice	Percentage of customers satisfied with the Contact Centre	Call abandon rates
Ref.	CS7	SSS Pá	age 51	CS21	CS2

Ref.	Indicator	Value	2014/15 Annual Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	DOT	Comments	Service
CS3	Percentage of automated transactions	Bigger is Better	30%	30%	29% (52,455 of 180,687)	New indicator	N/A	This is a new indicator for 2014/15 so there is no scope for comparison. The drive to complete payments online for the annual green bins renewal may have helped performance. Green waste renewal payments were largely due in April.	Customer Services
CS1	Percentage of Council Tax collected	Bigger is Better	97%	31%	31% (£38.4m)	31% (£37.4m)	^	Performance this quarter (31%) is on target and is the same as the previous year (31%). This represents £38.4m of Council Tax collected this quarter compared to £37.4m by the same point last year.	Exchequer & Transactional Services
S Page 52	Percentage of National Non-Domestic Rates collected (NNDR)	Bigger is Better	%86	34%	34% (£26.0m)	34% (£25.1m)	^	Performance this quarter (34%) is on target and the same as the previous year (34%). This represents £26.0m of NNDR collected this quarter compared to £25.1m by the same point last year.	Exchequer & Transactional Services
CS3	Speed of processing new Housing Benefit/Council Tax Support claims (days)	Smaller is Better	24 days	24 days	19 days	40 days	←	The speed of processing new Housing Benefit and Council Tax Support claims this quarter (19 days) is significantly better than target and is over twice as fast as the same time last year (40 days).	Exchequer & Transactional Services
CS4	Speed of processing changes in circumstances of Housing Benefit/Council Tax Support claimants (days)	Smaller is Better	16 days	16 days	12 days	19 days	←	The speed of processing changes in circumstances of Housing Benefit and Council Tax Support claimants this quarter (12 days) is better than target and better than the same period last year (19 days).	Exchequer & Transactional Services

Service	Corporate Health	Corporate Health	
Comments	The percentage of Member/MP Enquiries completed within 10 days (78%) is slightly below target tolerance but the indicator is performing significantly better than the same period last year (67%). This indicator is reported as a rate per FTE employee over a rolling 12-month period. Performance this quarter (10.4 days) is worse than target and the same period last year (8.8 days). For Q1, the sickness absence rate per FTE employee is 2.3 days, which is better than the same quarter last year (2.4 days). Corrective Action: HR continue to work		
DOT	← →		
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	%29	8.8 days	
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	78% 10.4 days		
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	90% 7.6 days		
2014/15 Annual Target	90% 7.6 days		
Value	Bigger is Better Smaller is Better		
Indicator	Percentage of Member/MP Enquiries completed within 10 days Sickness absence rate per annum per employee (days)		
Ref.	CS10	CS10 CI1 Page	

Partnership Indicators (the Council is not solely responsible for the target and/or performance)

Service	Corporate Policy & Community	Corporate Policy & Community	Public Health	Adult Social Care	Adult Social Care
Comments	Burglary is currently at its lowest level in six years. The target set by the Mayor's Office for Policing & Crime (MOPAC) is currently being exceeded; however, the rate of household burglary still ranks among the top 10 highest in England and Wales and is twice the national average.	The methodology changed in Oct 2013 and so a DOT is not available. The rate of ASB equates to 30.5 incidents per 1,000, which is below the regional average of 43.5. It should also be noted that there is a high number of other ASB calls and complaints received by non-police agencies in Havering.	Performance has exceeded target this quarter with NHS Health Checks offered to 4,080 eligible patients (6.2%). This is a significant improvement on the same period last year where 1,556 eligible patients (2.3%) were offered NHS Health Checks.	This indicator measures delays across both Health and Adult Social Care. Although performance for the quarter is worse than the same period last year, we are still exceeding our quarterly target.	This indicator has been developed for the Better Care Fund (BCF) and monitors days delayed over the month rather than people delays as a snapshot. For Quarter 1, we are slightly worse than target with an average of 139 days delayed per month per 100,000.
DOT	←	N/A	←	→	N/A
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	585	1,933	2.3%	4.6	New indicator
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	401	1,349	6.2%	5.3	139
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	920	1,595	%5	7.0	136
2014/15 Annual Target	2,252	6,910	20%	7.0	136
Value	Smaller is Better	Smaller is Better	Bigger is Better	Smaller is Better	Smaller is Better
Indicator	The number of burglaries reported	The number of anti-social behaviour (ASB) incidents reported	Percentage of eligible patients offered an NHS Health Check	Overall number of delayed transfers of care from hospital per 100,000 population	Delayed transfers of care from hospital per 100,000 population (average per month)
Ref.	CSP1	^{Zass} Page	^в ЕНЗ	ASCOF 2C(i)a	ASCOF 2C(i)b

Service	Public Health		
Comments	The methodology changed in 2014/15 and so a direction of travel and RAG rating is not available. Performance this quarter (31%) is worse than target (66%) with 1,268 NHS Health Checks received of the 4,080 offered. GP practices are being supported to convert a greater percentage of health checks offered.		
DOT	N/A		
2013/14 Quarter 1 Performance	N/A		
2014/15 Quarter 1 Performance	31% (1,268)		
2014/15 Quarter 1 Target	%99		
2014/15 Annual Target	66%		
Value	Bigger is Better		
Indicator	Percentage of eligible people receiving an NHS Health Check (of those offered)		
Ref.	РНЗЬ		

